

## Package leaflet: Information for the user

### Levobupivacaine Kabi 0.625 mg/ml solution for infusion Levobupivacaine Kabi 1.25 mg/ml solution for infusion

Levobupivacaine hydrochloride

**Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start using this medicine because it contains important information for you.**

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- If you have any further questions, ask your doctor or nurse.
- If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4.

**The name of your medicine is Levobupivacaine Kabi 0.625 mg/ml or 1.25 mg/ml solution for infusion; in the rest of the leaflet it will be called “Levobupivacaine Kabi”**

**What is in this leaflet:**

1. What Levobupivacaine Kabi is and what it is used for
2. What you need to know before you are given Levobupivacaine Kabi
3. How you will be given Levobupivacaine Kabi
4. Possible side effects
5. How to store Levobupivacaine Kabi
6. Contents of the pack and other information

#### **1. What Levobupivacaine Kabi is and what it is used for**

Levobupivacaine Kabi belongs to a group of medicines called local anaesthetics. This type of medicine is used to make an area of the body numb or free from pain.

Levobupivacaine Kabi Solution for Infusion is **for adult use only.**

Levobupivacaine Kabi is used for pain relief:

- after major surgery
- during childbirth

#### **2. What you need to know before you are given Levobupivacaine Kabi**

**Do not use Levobupivacaine Kabi:**

- if you are allergic (hypersensitive) to levobupivacaine, to any similar local anaesthetics or to any of the other ingredients of this medicine (listed in section 6).
- if you have very low blood pressure.
- to numb an area by injecting Levobupivacaine Kabi into a vein.
- as a type of pain relief given by injection into the area around the neck of the womb (the cervix) during the early stage of labour (paracervical block).

## **Warnings and precautions**

Talk to your doctor before you are given Levobupivacaine Kabi if you have any of the diseases or conditions below. You may need to be checked more closely or given a smaller dose.

- if you have a heart condition
- if you suffer from diseases of the nervous system
- if you are weak or ill
- if you are elderly
- if you have liver disease.

## **Children**

Do not give this medicine to children because the safety and efficacy for pain management in children have not been established.

## **Other medicines and Levobupivacaine Kabi**

Tell your doctor or nurse if you are taking, have recently taken or might take any other medicines. In particular, tell them if you are taking medicines for:

- irregular heart beats (such as mexiletine)
- fungal infections (such as ketoconazole) since this may affect how long Levobupivacaine Kabi stays in your body
- asthma (such as theophylline) since this may affect how long Levobupivacaine Kabi stays in your body.

## **Pregnancy and breastfeeding**

If you are pregnant or breast-feeding, think you may be pregnant or are planning to have a baby, ask your doctor for advice before taking this medicine.

Levobupivacaine Kabi must not be given for pain relief by injection into the area around the neck of the womb or cervix during childbirth (paracervical block).

The effect of Levobupivacaine Kabi on the child during the early stage of pregnancy is not known. Therefore, Levobupivacaine Kabi should not be used during the first three months of your pregnancy, unless your doctor thinks it is necessary.

It is not known if levobupivacaine passes into breast milk. However from the experience with a similar drug, only small amounts of levobupivacaine are expected to pass into breast milk. Breastfeeding is therefore possible after having a local anaesthetic.

## **Driving and using machines**

The use of Levobupivacaine Kabi can have a considerable effect on the ability to drive or use machines. You must not drive or operate machinery until all the effects of Levobupivacaine Kabi and the immediate effects of surgery have worn off. Make sure you get advice about this matter from the doctor or nurse who is treating you, before leaving hospital.

## **Levobupivacaine Kabi contains sodium**

This medicine contains 3.6 mg sodium (main component of cooking salt) in each ml. This is equivalent to 0.18% of the recommended maximum daily dietary intake of sodium for an adult.

### **3. How to use Levobupivacaine Kabi**

Your doctor will give you Levobupivacaine Kabi through a small tube in your back (epidural). Your doctor and nurse will watch you carefully while you are being given Levobupivacaine Kabi.

#### **Dosage**

Adults:

The amount of Levobupivacaine Kabi you will be given and how often it is given will depend on why it is being used and also on your health, age and weight. The smallest dose that can produce numbness in the required area will be used. The dose will be carefully worked out by your doctor.

When Levobupivacaine Kabi is used for pain relief during childbirth the dose used should be particularly carefully controlled.

Children:

Not recommended.

#### **If you get more Levobupivacaine Kabi than you should**

If you get more Levobupivacaine Kabi than you should, you may have numbness of the tongue, dizziness, blurred vision, muscle twitching, severe breathing difficulties (including stopping breathing) and even fits (convulsions). If you notice any of these symptoms, tell your doctor immediately. Sometimes too much Levobupivacaine Kabi may also cause low blood pressure, fast or slow heartbeats and changes in your heart rhythm. Your doctor may need to give you other medicines to help stop these symptoms.

If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your doctor or nurse.

### **4. Possible side effects**

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them.

**Tell your doctor or nurse immediately if you notice any of the following side effects.**

Some side effects with Levobupivacaine Kabi can be serious.

**Very common** (may affect more than 1 in 10 people):

- feeling tired or weak, short of breath, looking pale (these are all signs of anaemia)
- low blood pressure
- nausea

**Common** (may affect up to 1 in 10 people):

- dizziness
- headache
- vomiting
- problems (distress) for an unborn child
- back pain
- high body temperature (fever)
- pain after surgery

**Not known** (frequency cannot be estimated from the available data):

- serious allergic (hypersensitive) reactions which cause severe breathing difficulties, difficulty in swallowing, hives and very low blood pressure
- allergic (hypersensitive) reactions recognised by red itchy skin, sneezing, sweating a lot, rapid heartbeat, fainting or swelling of the face, lips, mouth, tongue or throat.
- loss of consciousness
- drowsiness
- blurred vision
- breathing stopping
- heart block or heart stopping
- localized tingling
- numbness of the tongue
- muscle weakness or twitching
- loss of bladder or bowel control
- paralysis
- fits (convulsions)
- tingling, numbness or other abnormal sensation
- prolonged erection of the penis that may be painful
- nerve disorder which can include drooping of the eyelid, small pupil (black center of the eye), sunken eye socket, sweating and/or redness in one side of the face

Fast, slow or irregular heartbeats, and heart rhythm changes that can be seen on an ECG, have also been reported as side effects.

Rarely, some side effects may be long-term or permanent.

### **Reporting of side effects**

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. You can also report side effects directly via [the national reporting system listed in Appendix V](#). By reporting side effects you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

## **5. How to store Levobupivacaine Kabi**

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

Do not use this medicine after the expiry date which is stated on the label. The expiry date refers to the last day of that month.

Your doctor will store this medicine for you.  
The solution should be used immediately after opening.  
Do not use this medicine if you notice visible particles in it.

This medicinal product does not require any special storage conditions.

Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or household waste. Ask your pharmacist how to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

## **6. Contents of the pack and other information**

### **What Levobupivacaine Kabi contains**

- The active substance is levobupivacaine (as levobupivacaine hydrochloride).

Levobupivacaine Kabi 0.625 mg/ml solution for infusion:

1 ml solution contains 0.625 mg levobupivacaine (as levobupivacaine hydrochloride).

Each bag of 100 ml contains 62.5 mg levobupivacaine (as levobupivacaine hydrochloride).

Each bag of 200 ml contains 125 mg levobupivacaine (as levobupivacaine hydrochloride).

Levobupivacaine Kabi 1.25 mg/ml solution for infusion:

1 ml solution contains 1.25 mg levobupivacaine (as levobupivacaine hydrochloride).

Each bag of 100 ml contains 125 mg levobupivacaine (as levobupivacaine hydrochloride).

Each bag of 200 ml contains 250 mg levobupivacaine (as levobupivacaine hydrochloride).

- The other ingredients are water for injection, sodium chloride, and small quantity of sodium hydroxide and hydrochloric acid.

This medicine contains an excipient with known effect (sodium). See section 2 for further information.

pH 4.0-6.0

Osmolarity: 271 – 332 mOsmol/l

### **What Levobupivacaine Kabi looks like and contents of the pack**

This medicine is a clear, colourless solution, in a polyolefin bag with a transparent foil over pouch. It is supplied in packs of 5, 24 or 60 bags of 100 ml or 5, 12 or 32 bags of 200 ml solution.

Not all pack sizes may be marketed.

### **Marketing Authorisation Holder and Manufacturer**

[To be completed nationally]

**This medicinal product is authorised in the Member States of the EEA under the following names:**

**Levobupivacaine Kabi 0.625 mg/ml solution for infusion**

<b>Name of the Member State</b>	<b>Name of the medicinal product</b>
Ireland	Levobupivacaine 0.625 mg/ml solution for infusion
Italy	Levobupivacaina Kabi
Netherlands	Levobupivacaine Fresenius Kabi 0.625 mg/ml oplossing voor infusie
Spain	Levobupivacaina Kabi 0,625 mg/ml solución para perfusión
United Kingdom	Levobupivacaine 0.625 mg/ml solution for infusion

**Levobupivacaine Kabi 1.25 mg/ml solution for infusion**

<b>Name of the Member State</b>	<b>Name of the medicinal product</b>
Belgium	Levobupivacaine Fresenius Kabi 1.25 mg/ml oplossing voor infusie
France	Levobupivacaine Kabi 1,25 mg/ml, solution pour perfusion
Ireland	Levobupivacaine 1.25 mg/ml solution for infusion
Italy	Levobupivacaina Kabi
Netherlands	Levobupivacaine Fresenius Kabi 1.25 mg/ml oplossing voor infusie
Slovenia	Levobupivakain Kabi 1,25 mg/ml raztopina za infundiranje
Spain	Levobupivacaina Kabi 1,25 mg/ml solución para perfusión
United Kingdom	Levobupivacaine 1.25 mg/ml solution for infusion

**This leaflet was last revised in {month YYYY}.**

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The following information is intended for healthcare professionals only:

**Levobupivacaine Kabi 0.625 mg/ml or 1.25 mg/ml solution for infusion.**

### **Instructions for use and handling**

Levobupivacaine Kabi 0.625 or 1.25 mg/ml solution for infusion is intended for single **epidural use only** and must not be used for intravenous administration. Do not use unless the solution is clear and container is undamaged. Discard any unused solution.

As for all parenteral medicinal products, the solution/dilution should be inspected visually prior to use. Only clear solutions without visible particles should be used.

Shelf-life after dilution:

Chemical and physical in-use stability has been demonstrated for levobupivacaine solution for infusion

- With 8.4 µg/ml clonidine hydrochloride, 50 µg/ml morphine sulfate and 2-4 µg/ml fentanyl citrate for 30 days at either 2-8°C or 20°C–25°C.
- With sufentanil added in the concentration of 0.4 µg/ml for 30 days at 2-8 °C or 7 days at 20 °C-25 °C.

From a microbiological point of view, the product should be used immediately. If not used immediately, in-use storage times and conditions prior to use are the responsibility of the user and would normally not be longer than 24 hours at 2 to 8°C, unless the admix has taken place in controlled and validated aseptic conditions.

Levobupivacaine Kabi must not be mixed with any other medicinal products except those listed above. Dilution with alkaline solutions such as sodium bicarbonate may result in precipitation.

There is limited safety experience with levobupivacaine therapy for periods exceeding 24 hours.

### **Method of administration**

Levobupivacaine should be administered only by, or under the supervision of, a clinician having the necessary training and experience.

Please refer to the summary of product characteristics for posology information.

Careful aspiration before infusion is recommended to prevent intravascular injection. If toxic symptoms occur, the injection should be stopped immediately.